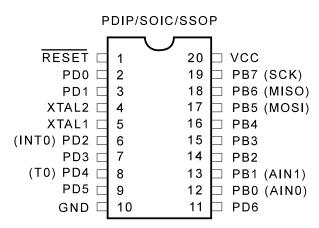
BDTIC www.bdtic.com/ATMEL

Features

- Utilizes the AVR[®] RISC Architecture
- AVR High-performance and Low-power RISC Architecture
 - 89 Powerful Instructions Most Single Clock Cycle Execution
 - 32 x 8 General Purpose Working Registers
 - Up to 12 MIPS Throughput at 12 MHz
- Data and Non-volatile Program Memory
 - 1K Byte of In-System Programmable Flash Endurance: 1,000 Write/Erase Cycles
 - 64 Bytes of In-System Programmable EEPROM Endurance: 100,000 Write/Erase Cycles
 - Programming Lock for Flash Program and EEPROM Data Security
- Peripheral Features
 - One 8-bit Timer/Counter with Separate Prescaler
 - On-chip Analog Comparator
 - Programmable Watchdog Timer with On-chip Oscillator
 - SPI Serial Interface for In-System Programming
- Special Microcontroller Features
 - Low-power Idle and Power-down Modes
 - External and Internal Interrupt Sources
 - Selectable On-chip RC Oscillator for Zero External Components
- Specifications
 - Low-power, High-speed CMOS Process Technology
 - Fully Static Operation
- Power Consumption at 4 MHz, 3V, 25°C
 - Active: 2.0 mA
 - Idle Mode: 0.4 mA
 - Power-down Mode: <1 μA
- I/O and Packages
 - 15 Programmable I/O Lines
 - 20-pin PDIP, SOIC and SSOP
- Operating Voltages
 - 2.7 6.0V (AT90S1200-4)
 - 4.0 6.0V (AT90S1200-12)
- Speed Grades
 - 0 4 MHz, (AT90S1200-4)
 - 0 12 MHz, (AT90S1200-12)

Pin Configuration







8-bit **AVR**[®] Microcontroller with 1K Byte of In-System Programmable Flash

AT90S1200

Summary

Rev. 0838HS-AVR-03/02

Note: This is a summary document. A complete document is available on our web site at *www.atmel.com*.



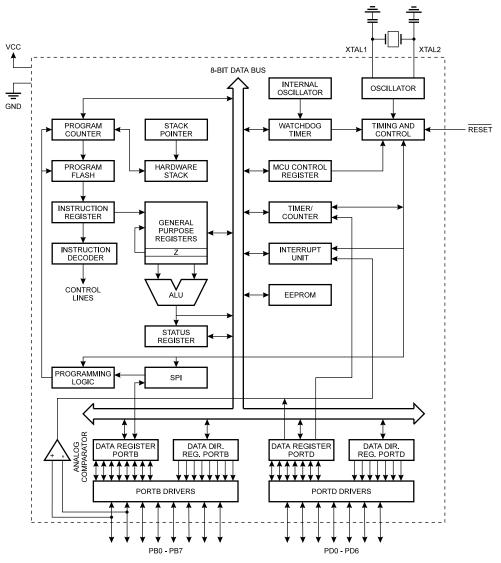
Description

The AT90S1200 is a low-power CMOS 8-bit microcontroller based on the AVR RISC architecture. By executing powerful instructions in a single clock cycle, the AT90S1200 achieves throughputs approaching 1 MIPS per MHz allowing the system designer to optimize power consumption versus processing speed.

The AVR core combines a rich instruction set with the 32 general purpose working registers. All the 32 registers are directly connected to the Arithmetic Logic Unit (ALU), allowing two independent registers to be accessed in one single instruction executed in one clock cycle. The resulting architecture is more code efficient while achieving throughputs up to ten times faster than conventional CISC microcontrollers.

Block Diagram

Figure 1. The AT90S1200 Block Diagram



The architecture supports high-level languages efficiently as well as extremely dense assembler code programs. The AT90S1200 provides the following features: 1K byte of In-System Programmable Flash, 64 bytes EEPROM, 15 general purpose I/O lines, 32 general purpose working registers, internal and external interrupts, programmable watchdog timer with internal oscillator, an SPI serial port for program downloading and two software selectable power-saving modes. The Idle Mode stops the CPU while allow-

ing the Registers, Timer/Counter, Watchdog and Interrupt system to continue
functioning. The Power-down mode saves the register contents but freezes the Oscilla-
tor, disabling all other chip functions until the next External Interrupt or hardware Reset.

The device is manufactured using Atmel's high-density nonvolatile memory technology. The On-chip In-System Programmable Flash allows the program memory to be reprogrammed in-system through an SPI serial interface or by a conventional nonvolatile memory programmer. By combining an enhanced RISC 8-bit CPU with In-System Programmable Flash on a monolithic chip, the Atmel AT90S1200 is a powerful microcontroller that provides a highly flexible and cost-effective solution to many embedded control applications.

The AT90S1200 AVR is supported with a full suite of program and system development tools including: macro assemblers, program debugger/simulators, in-circuit emulators, and evaluation kits.

Pin Descriptions	
VCC	Supply voltage pin.
GND	Ground pin.
Port B (PB7PB0)	Port B is an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port. Port pins can provide internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). PB0 and PB1 also serve as the positive input (AIN0) and the negative input (AIN1), respectively, of the On-chip Analog Comparator. The Port B output buffers can sink 20 mA and thus drive LED displays directly. When pins PB0 to PB7 are used as inputs and are externally pulled low, they will source current if the internal pull-up resistors are activated. The Port B pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not active.
	Port B also serves the functions of various special features of the AT90S1200 as listed on page 30.
Port D (PD6PD0)	Port D has seven bi-directional I/O pins with internal pull-up resistors, PD6PD0. The Port D output buffers can sink 20 mA. As inputs, Port D pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port D pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not active.
	Port D also serves the functions of various special features of the AT90S1200 as listed on page 34.
RESET	Reset input. A low level on this pin for more than 50 ns will generate a reset, even if the clock is not running. Shorter pulses are not guaranteed to generate a reset.
XTAL1	Input to the inverting oscillator amplifier and input to the internal clock operating circuit.
XTAL2	Output from the inverting oscillator amplifier.





AT90S1200 Register Summary

Address	Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Page
\$3F	SREG	I	Т	Н	S	V	N	Z	С	page 1
\$3E	Reserved									
\$3D	Reserved									
\$3C	Reserved									
\$3B	GIMSK	-	INT0	-	-	-	-	-	-	page 1
\$3A	Reserved				•	•				
\$39	TIMSK	-	-	-	-	-	-	TOIE0	-	page 1
\$38	TIFR	-	-	-	-	-	-	TOV0	-	page 1
\$37	Reserved									
\$36	Reserved									
\$35	MCUCR	-	-	SE	SM	-	-	ISC01	ISC00	page 1
\$34	Reserved									
\$33	TCCR0	-	-	-	-	-	CS02	CS01	CS00	page 2
\$32	TCNT0				Timer/Cou	nter0 (8 Bits)				page 2
\$31	Reserved									
\$30	Reserved									
\$2F	Reserved									
\$2E	Reserved									
\$2D	Reserved									
\$2C	Reserved									
\$2B	Reserved									
\$2A	Reserved									
\$29	Reserved									
\$28	Reserved									
\$27	Reserved									
\$26	Reserved									
\$25	Reserved									
\$24	Reserved									
\$23	Reserved									
\$22	Reserved									
\$21	WDTCR	-	-	-	-	WDE	WDP2	WDP1	WDP0	page 2
\$20	Reserved									
\$1F	Reserved									
\$1E	EEAR	-			EEP	ROM Address R	egister			page 2
\$1D	EEDR				EEPROM	Data Register				page 2
\$1C	EECR	-	-	-	-	-	-	EEWE	EERE	page 2
\$1B	Reserved									
\$1A	Reserved									
\$19	Reserved									
\$18	PORTB	PORTB7	PORTB6	PORTB5	PORTB4	PORTB3	PORTB2	PORTB1	PORTB0	page 2
\$17	DDRB	DDB7	DDB6	DDB5	DDB4	DDB3	DDB2	DDB1	DDB0	page 2
\$16	PINB	PINB7	PINB6	PINB5	PINB4	PINB3	PINB2	PINB1	PINB0	page 2
\$15	Reserved									
\$14	Reserved									
\$13	Reserved									
\$12	PORTD	-	PORTD6	PORTD5	PORTD4	PORTD3	PORTD2	PORTD1	PORTD0	page 3
\$11	DDRD	-	DDD6	DDD5	DDD4	DDD3	DDD2	DDD1	DDD0	page 3
ΨΠ	PIND	-	PIND6	PIND5	PIND4	PIND3	PIND2	PIND1	PIND0	page 3
\$10	1			·	•	•	•	•	·	
	Reserved									
\$10 \$0F	Reserved Reserved									
\$10										
\$10 \$0F 	Reserved	ACD	-	ACO	ACI	ACIE	-	ACIS1	ACIS0	page 2

Notes: 1. For compatibility with future devices, reserved bits should be written to zero if accessed. Reserved I/O memory addresses should never be written.

2. Some of the status flags are cleared by writing a logical "1" to them. Note that the CBI and SBI instructions will operate on all bits in the I/O register, writing a "1" back into any flag read as set, thus clearing the flag. The CBI and SBI instructions work with registers \$00 to \$1F only.

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AT90S1200

Instruction Set Summary

Mnemonic	Operands	Description	Operation	Flags	# Clocks
	ND LOGIC INST			· · ·	
ADD	Rd, Rr	Add Two Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd + Rr$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
ADC	Rd, Rr	Add with Carry Two Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd + Rr + C$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SUB	Rd, Rr	Subtract Two Registers	Rd ← Rd - Rr	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SUBI	Rd, K	Subtract Constant from Register	Rd ← Rd - K	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBC	Rd, Rr	Subtract with Carry Two Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - Rr - C$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBCI	Rd, K	Subtract with Carry Constant from Reg.	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - K - C$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
AND	Rd, Rr	Logical AND Registers	Rd ← Rd • Rr	Z,N,V	1
ANDI	Rd, K	Logical AND Register and Constant	$Rd \gets Rd \bullet K$	Z,N,V	1
OR	Rd, Rr	Logical OR Registers	Rd ← Rd v Rr	Z,N,V	1
ORI	Rd, K	Logical OR Register and Constant	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \lor K$	Z,N,V	1
EOR	Rd, Rr	Exclusive OR Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \oplus Rr$	Z,N,V	1
COM	Rd	One's Complement	Rd ← \$FF - Rd	Z,C,N,V	1
NEG	Rd	Two's Complement	Rd ← \$00 - Rd	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBR	Rd, K	Set Bit(s) in Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \lor K$	Z,N,V	1
CBR	Rd, K	Clear Bit(s) in Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet (FFh - K)$	Z,N,V	1
INC	Rd	Increment	$Rd \leftarrow Rd + 1$	Z,N,V	1
DEC	Rd	Decrement	Rd ← Rd - 1	Z,N,V	1
TST	Rd	Test for Zero or Minus	$Rd \gets Rd \bullet Rd$	Z,N,V	1
CLR	Rd	Clear Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \oplus Rd$	Z,N,V	1
SER	Rd	Set Register	Rd ← \$FF	None	1
BRANCH INST	RUCTIONS	-		1 1	
RJMP	k	Relative Jump	$PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	2
RCALL	k	Relative Subroutine Call	$PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	3
RET		Subroutine Return	PC ← STACK	None	4
RETI		Interrupt Return	PC ← STACK		4
CPSE	Rd, Rr	Compare, Skip if Equal	if (Rd = Rr) PC \leftarrow PC + 2 or 3	None	1/2
СР	Rd, Rr	Compare	Rd - Br	Z,N,V,C,H	1
CPC	Rd, Rr	Compare with Carry	Rd - Rr - C	Z,N,V,C,H	1
CPI	Rd, K	Compare Register with Immediate	Rd - K	Z,N,V,C,H	1
SBRC	Rr, b	Skip if Bit in Register Cleared	if $(\text{Rr}(b) = 0) \text{ PC} \leftarrow \text{PC} + 2 \text{ or } 3$	None	1/2
SBRS	Rr, b	Skip if Bit in Register is Set	if $(\operatorname{Rr}(b) = 1) \operatorname{PC} \leftarrow \operatorname{PC} + 2 \operatorname{or} 3$	None	1/2
SBIC	P, b	Skip if Bit in I/O Register Cleared	if $(P(b)=0) PC \leftarrow PC + 2 \text{ or } 3$	None	1/2
SBIS	P, b	Skip if Bit in I/O Register is Set	if $(P(b) = 1) PC \leftarrow PC + 2 \text{ or } 3$	None	1/2
BRBS	s, k	Branch if Status Flag Set	if (SREG(s) = 1) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRBC	s, k	Branch if Status Flag Cleared	if (SREG(s) = 0) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BREQ	k k	Branch if Equal	if $(Z = 1)$ then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRNE	k	Branch if Not Equal	if $(Z = 0)$ then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRCS	k	Branch if Carry Set	if (C = 1) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRCC	k	Branch if Carry Cleared	if $(C = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRSH	k	Branch if Same or Higher	if $(C = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRLO	k	Branch if Lower	if (C = 1) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRMI	k	Branch if Minus	if $(N = 1)$ then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRPL	k	Branch if Plus	if $(N = 0)$ then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRGE	k	Branch if Greater or Equal, Signed	if $(N \oplus V = 0)$ then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRLT	k k	Branch if Less than Zero, Signed	. ,	None	1/2
BRHS			if $(N \oplus V = 1)$ then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1 if $(H = 1)$ then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1		1/2
	k	Branch if Half-carry Flag Set Branch if Half-carry Flag Cleared		None	
BRHC	k	, ,	if (H = 0) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1 if (T = 1) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRTS BRTC	k	Branch if T-Flag Set Branch if T-Flag Cleared	if $(I = 1)$ then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1 if $(T = 0)$ then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2 1/2
	k			None	
BRVS	k	Branch if Overflow Flag is Set	if $(V = 1)$ then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRVC	k	Branch if Overflow Flag is Cleared	if $(V = 0)$ then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRIE	k	Branch if Interrupt Enabled	if (I = 1) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRID	k	Branch if Interrupt Disabled	if (I = 0) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
					-
LD	Rd, Z	Load Register Indirect	$Rd \leftarrow (Z)$	None	2
ST	Z, Rr	Store Register Indirect	(Z) ← Rr	None	2
MOV	Rd, Rr	Move between Registers	Rd ← Rr	None	1
LDI	Rd, K	Load Immediate	$Rd \leftarrow K$	None	1
IN	Rd, P	In Port	$Rd \leftarrow P$	None	1
		Out Port	P ← Rr		





Instruction Set Summary (Continued)

Mnemonic	Operands	Description	Operation	Flags	# Clocks
BIT AND BIT-T	EST INSTRUCTI	ONS			1
SBI	P, b	Set Bit in I/O Register	I/O(P,b) ← 1	None	2
CBI	P, b	Clear Bit in I/O Register	$I/O(P,b) \leftarrow 0$	None	2
LSL	Rd	Logical Shift Left	$Rd(n+1) \leftarrow Rd(n), Rd(0) \leftarrow 0$	Z,C,N,V	1
LSR	Rd	Logical Shift Right	$Rd(n) \leftarrow Rd(n+1), Rd(7) \leftarrow 0$	Z,C,N,V	1
ROL	Rd	Rotate Left through Carry	$Rd(0) \leftarrow C, Rd(n+1) \leftarrow Rd(n), C \leftarrow Rd(7)$	Z,C,N,V	1
ROR	Rd	Rotate Right through Carry	$Rd(7) \leftarrow C, Rd(n) \leftarrow Rd(n+1), C \leftarrow Rd(0)$	Z,C,N,V	1
ASR	Rd	Arithmetic Shift Right	$Rd(n) \leftarrow Rd(n+1), n = 06$	Z,C,N,V	1
SWAP	Rd	Swap Nibbles	$Rd(30) \leftarrow Rd(74), Rd(74) \leftarrow Rd(30)$	None	1
BSET	S	Flag Set	SREG(s) ← 1	SREG(s)	1
BCLR	S	Flag Clear	$SREG(s) \leftarrow 0$	SREG(s)	1
BST	Rr, b	Bit Store from Register to T	$T \leftarrow Rr(b)$	Т	1
BLD	Rd, b	Bit Load from T to Register	$Rd(b) \leftarrow T$	None	1
SEC		Set Carry	C ← 1	С	1
CLC		Clear Carry	$C \leftarrow O$	С	1
SEN		Set Negative Flag	N ← 1	N	1
CLN		Clear Negative Flag	N ← 0	N	1
SEZ		Set Zero Flag	Z ← 1	Z	1
CLZ		Clear Zero Flag	$Z \leftarrow 0$	Z	1
SEI		Global Interrupt Enable	← 1	1	1
CLI		Global Interrupt Disable	I ← 0	1	1
SES		Set Signed Test Flag	S ← 1	S	1
CLS		Clear Signed Test Flag	S ← 0	S	1
SEV		Set Two's Complement Overflow	V ← 1	V	1
CLV		Clear Two's Complement Overflow	$V \leftarrow 0$	V	1
SET		Set T in SREG	T ← 1	Т	1
CLT		Clear T in SREG	$T \leftarrow 0$	Т	1
SEH		Set Half-carry Flag in SREG	H ← 1	Н	1
CLH		Clear Half-carry Flag in SREG	H ← 0	Н	1
NOP		No Operation		None	1
SLEEP		Sleep	(see specific descr. for Sleep function)	None	1
WDR		Watchdog Reset	(see specific descr. for WDR/timer)	None	1

Ordering Information⁽¹⁾

Speed (MHz)	Power Supply	Ordering Code	Package	Operation Range
4	2.7 - 6.0V	AT90S1200-4PC	20P3	Commercial
		AT90S1200-4SC	20S	(0°C to 70°C)
		AT90S1200-4YC	20Y	
		AT90S1200-4PI	20P3	Industrial
		AT90S1200-4SI	20S	(-40°C to 85°C)
		AT90S1200-4YI	20Y	
12	4.0 - 6.0V	AT90S1200-12PC	20P3	Commercial
		AT90S1200-12SC	20S	(0°C to 70°C)
		AT90S1200-12YC	20Y	
		AT90S1200-12PI	20P3	Industrial
		AT90S1200-12SI	20S	(-40°C to 85°C)
		AT90S1200-12YI	20Y	

Note: 1. Order AT90S1200A-XXX for devices with the RCEN Fuse programmed.

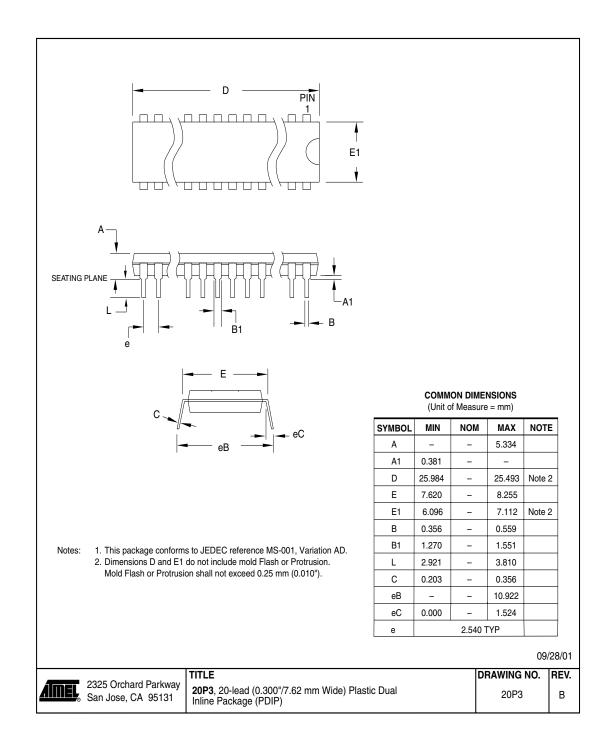
	Package Type
20P3	20-lead, 0.300" Wide, Plastic Dual Inline Package (PDIP)
20S	20-lead, 0.300" Wide, Plastic Gull Wing Small Outline (SOIC)
20Y	20-lead, 5.3 mm Wide, Plastic Shrink Small Outline Package (SSOP)



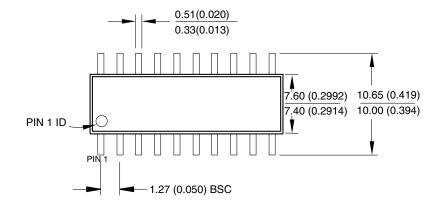


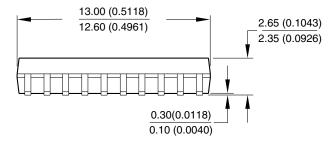
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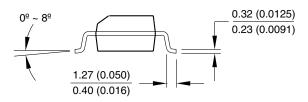
20P3



8







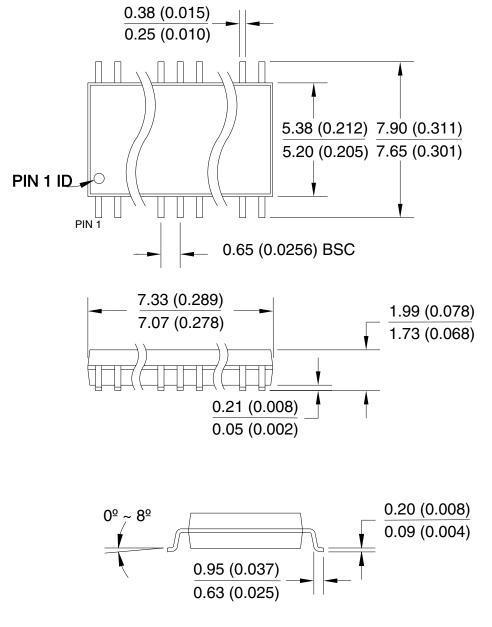
*Controlling dimension: Inches

REV. A 04/11/2001





20Y, 20-lead Plastic Shrink Small Outline (SSOP), 5.3mm body Width. Dimensions in Millimeters and (inches)*



*Controlling dimension: millimeters

REV. A 04/11/2001

20Y