

**Over-Voltage Protection Switch**

**General Description**

The AAT4687-1 OVPSwitch™ is a P-channel MOSFET power switch with precise over-voltage protection control, designed to protect low-voltage systems against high-voltage faults up to +28V. If the input voltage exceeds the fixed over-voltage threshold, the P-channel MOSFET switch will be turned off to prevent the output load circuits from damage. The AAT4687-1 is available with an internally programmed over-voltage trip point.

The AAT4687-1 includes an under-voltage lockout (UVLO) protection circuit, which will put the device into sleep mode at low input voltages only consuming < 1µA of current. The AAT4687-1 also includes an enable pin ( $\overline{EN}$ ) to enable or disable the device and an Over-voltage protection (OVP), Over-temperature protection (OTP) fault indicator ( $\overline{FLT}$ ).

The AAT4687-1 is offered in a small Pb-free, 10 pin SC70JW package, and is specified for operation over the -40°C to +85°C ambient temperature range.

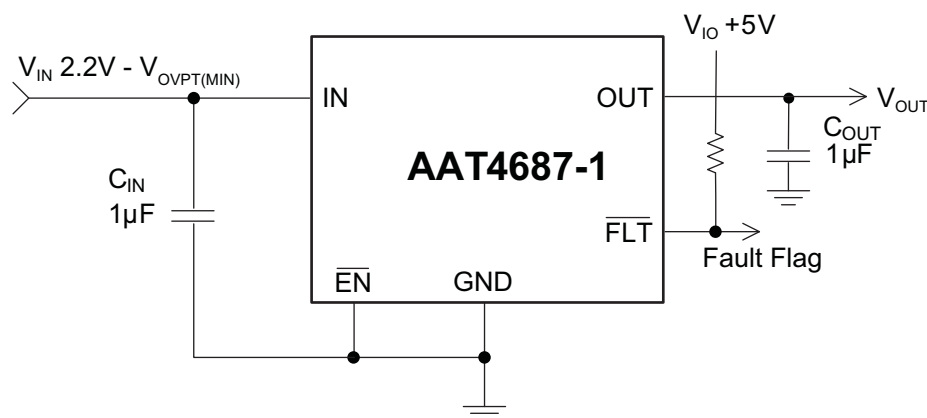
**Features**

- Input Voltage Range up to 28V
- Over-voltage Protection Threshold
  - 5.9V Typical
  - 6V Maximum
- Fixed Over-voltage Protection Threshold
- 2V Typical Under-voltage Lockout Threshold
- Fast OVP Response:
  - 0.7µs Typical to Over-voltage Transient
- Low Operation Quiescent Current
  - 45µA Typical
  - 1µA Max in Shutdown (Disabled)
- Thermal Shutdown Protection
- 120mΩ Typical (140mΩ Max)  $R_{DS(ON)}$  at 5V
- OVP, OTP Fault Indicator
- 1.8A Maximum Continuous Current
- Temperature Range: -40°C to 85°C
- Available in SC70JW-10 Package

**Applications**

- Cell Phones
- Digital Still Cameras
- GPS
- MP3 Players
- Personal Data Assistants (PDA)
- USB Hot Swap/Live Insertion Device

**Typical Application**



# AAT4687-I

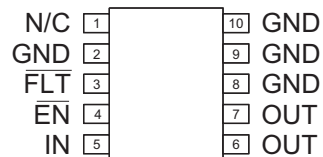
## Over-Voltage Protection Switch

### Pin Descriptions

Pin Number	Symbol	Function
1	N/C	No Connect.
2, 8, 9, 10	GND	Ground connection pin.
3	$\overline{\text{FLT}}$	Over-voltage or over-temperature fault reporting output pin. Open drain. $\overline{\text{FLT}}$ goes low when input voltage exceeds the over-voltage threshold or an over-temperature fault occurs. An external pull up resistor to $V_{IO}$ (6.5V max) should be added.
4	$\overline{\text{EN}}$	Enable input pin, active low. An internal pull-down resistor is connected on this pin. Connect to ground for normal operation. Connect to high (6.5V max) to shut down the device, which then draws less than 1 $\mu$ A of current.
5	IN	Power input pin. Connect 1 $\mu$ F capacitor from IN to GND.
6, 7	OUT	Output. Connect a 0.1 $\mu$ F~47 $\mu$ F capacitor from OUT to GND.

### Pin Configuration

SC70JW-10  
(Top View)



**AAT4687-I****Over-Voltage Protection Switch****Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>1</sup>**

Symbol	Description	Value	Units
$V_{IN}$	IN to GND	-0.3 to 30	V
$V_{OVP}$	OVP to GND	-0.3 to 6.5	
$V_{FLT}, V_{EN}$	FLT, EN to GND	-0.3 to 6.5	
$V_{OUT}$	OUT to GND	-0.3 to $V_{IN} + 0.3$	
$I_{MAX}$	Maximum Continuous Switch Current	1.8	A
$T_J$	Operating Junction Temperature Range	-40 to 150	°C
$T_{STG}$	Storage Temperature	-40 to 150	
$T_{LEAD}$	Maximum Soldering Temperature (at Leads)	300	

**Thermal Characteristics**

Symbol	Description	Value	Units
$\Theta_{JA}$	Maximum Thermal Resistance <sup>2</sup>	160	°C/W
$P_D$	Maximum Power Dissipation <sup>2, 3</sup>	625	mW

1. Stresses above those listed in Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Functional operation at conditions other than the operating conditions specified is not implied.
2. Mounted on a FR4 board.
3. Derate 6.25mW/°C above 25°C.

# DATA SHEET

# AAT4687-I

## Over-Voltage Protection Switch

### Electrical Characteristics<sup>1</sup>

$V_{IN} = 5V$ ,  $T_A = -40$  to  $85^\circ C$  unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = 25^\circ C$ .

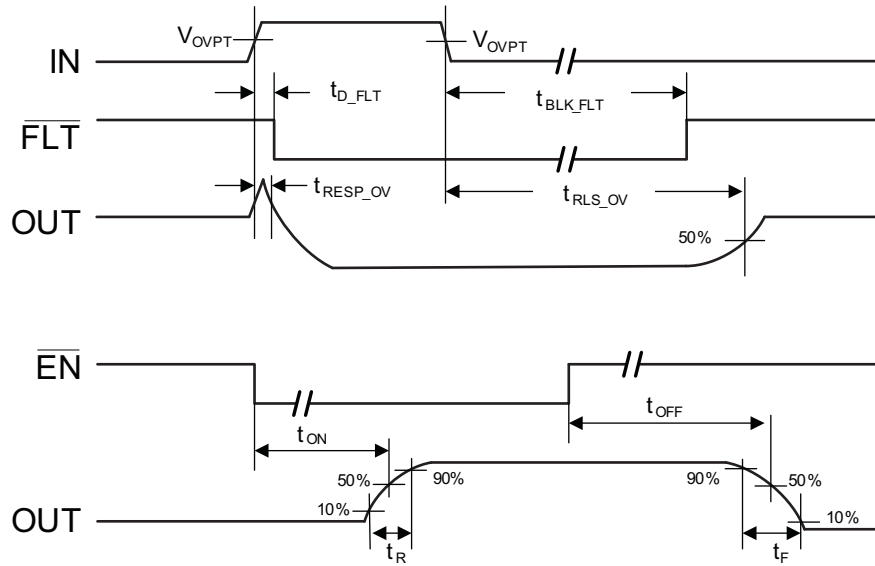
Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
$V_{IN\_MAX}$	Input Over-voltage Protection Range				28	V
$V_{IN}$	Normal Operation Voltage Range		2.2		$V_{OVP\_MIN}$	
$I_Q$	Operation Quiescent Current	$V_{IN} = 5V, \overline{EN} = 0V, I_{OUT} = 0$		35	60	$\mu A$
$I_{SD(OFF)}$	Shutdown Supply Current	$\overline{EN} = V_{IN}, V_{IN} = 5.5V, V_{OUT} = 0V$			1	
$V_{UVLO}$	Under-voltage Lockout Threshold	Rising Edge		2.0	2.2	V
$V_{UVLO\_HYS}$	Under-voltage Lockout Threshold Hysteresis			0.1		
$V_{OVPT}$	Over-voltage Lockout Threshold, IN Pin	Rising Edge	5.7	5.9	6	
$V_{OVP\_HYS}$	Over-Voltage Lockout Threshold Hysteresis, IN Pin			0.15		
<b>MOSFET Switch</b>						
$R_{DS(ON)}$	PMOS On-Resistance	$I_{OUT} = 1500mA^1, T_A = 25^\circ C$		120	140	$m\Omega$
$I_{D(OFF)}$	Switch Off-Leakage	$\overline{EN} = V_{IN}$			1	$\mu A$
<b>Logic</b>						
$V_{\overline{EN}(L)}$	$\overline{EN}$ Input Low Voltage				0.4	V
$V_{\overline{EN}(H)}$	$\overline{EN}$ Input High Voltage		1.6			V
$I_{\overline{EN}}$	$\overline{EN}$ Input Leakage	$V_{\overline{EN}} = 5.5V$ or $0V$		0.5	2.0	$\mu A$
$FLT_{OL}$	$FLT$ Output Voltage Low	$I_{FLT} = 1mA$			0.4	V
$FLT_{TOL}$	$FLT$ Output Leakage Current				1	$\mu A$
<b>Timing</b>						
$t_{BLK\_FLT}$	$FLT$ Blanking Time	From De-assertion of OV	5	10	15	ms
$t_{D\_FLT}$	$FLT$ Assertion Delay Time from Over-voltage (OV)	From Assertion of OV		1		$\mu s$
$t_{RLS\_OV}$	Over-voltage Release Time	$V_{IN}$ fall from $6V + TBD$ to $V_{OVP(MIN)}$ - TBD	5	10	15	ms
$t_{RESP\_OV}$	Over-voltage Response Time	$V_{IN}$ rise from $V_{OVP(MIN)}$ - TBD to $6V + TBD$		0.7		$\mu s$
$t_{ON}$	Turn On Delay Time	$V_{IN} = 5V; R_{OUT} = 10\Omega; C_{OUT} = 1\mu F$		10		ms
$t_R$	Turn On Rise Time	$V_{IN} = 5V; R_{OUT} = 10\Omega; C_{OUT} = 1\mu F$		1		
$t_{OFF}$	Turn Off Delay Time	$V_{IN} = 5V; R_{OUT} = 10\Omega; C_{OUT} = 1\mu F$		9		
$t_F$	Turn Off Fall Time	$V_{IN} = 5V; R_{OUT} = 10\Omega; C_{OUT} = 1\mu F$		4.5		
<b>Thermal Protection</b>						
$T_{SHDN}$	Shutdown Temperature			150		$^\circ C$
$T_{HYS}$	Over-Temperature Shutdown Hysteresis			20		

1. Pulse test: pulse width = 300 $\mu s$

# AAT4687-I

## Over-Voltage Protection Switch

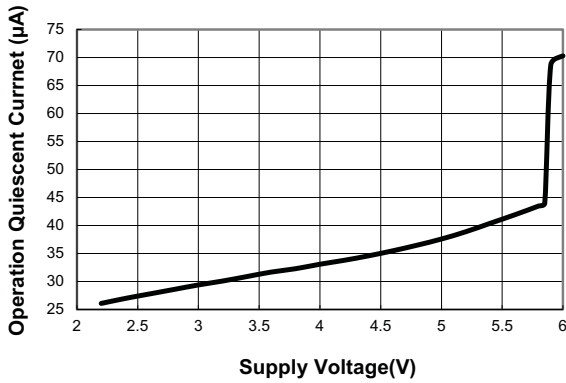
### Timing Diagram



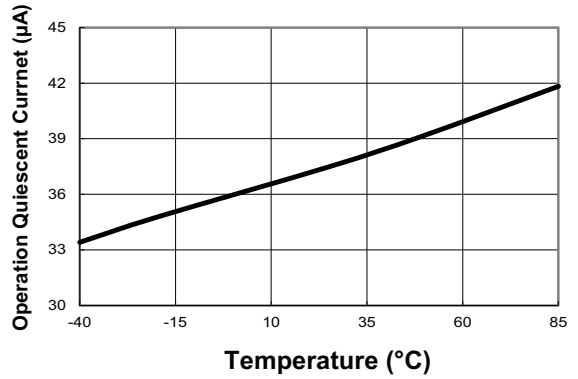
# AAT4687-I

## Over-Voltage Protection Switch

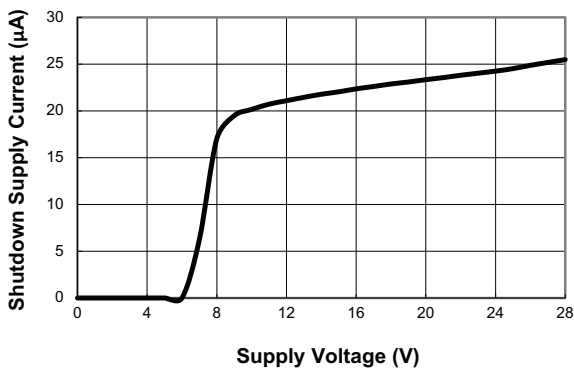
Operation Quiescent Current vs Supply Voltage



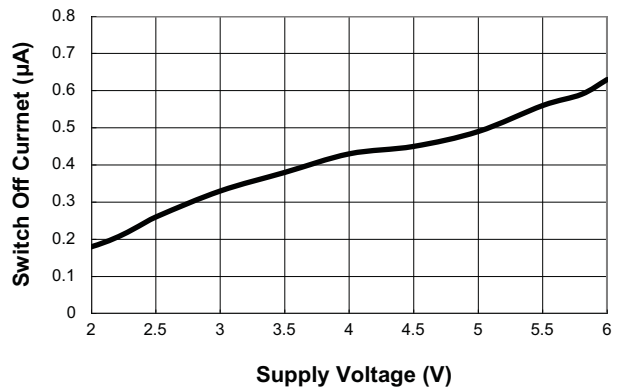
Operation Quiescent Current vs Temperature



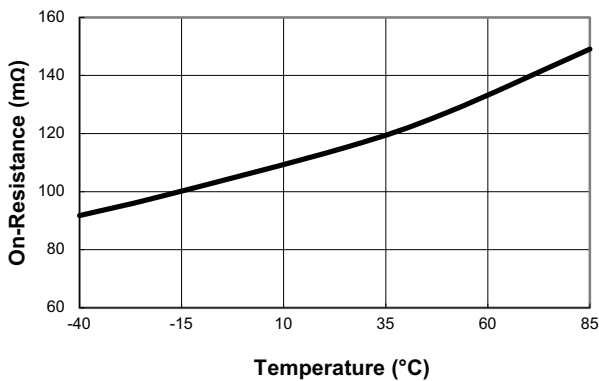
Shutdown Supply Current vs Supply Voltage



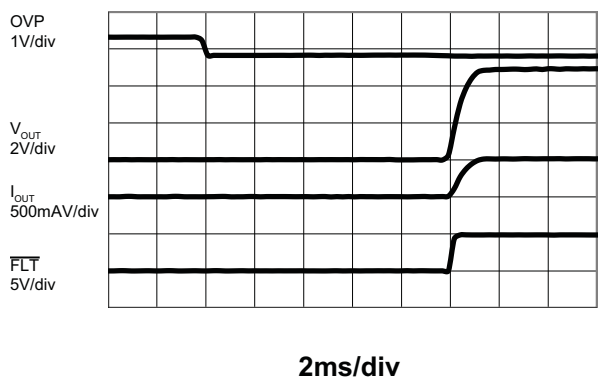
Switch Off Leakage vs Supply Voltage



PMOS On-Resistance vs Temperature  
( $V_{IN} = 5V, I_{Load} = 1.5A$ )



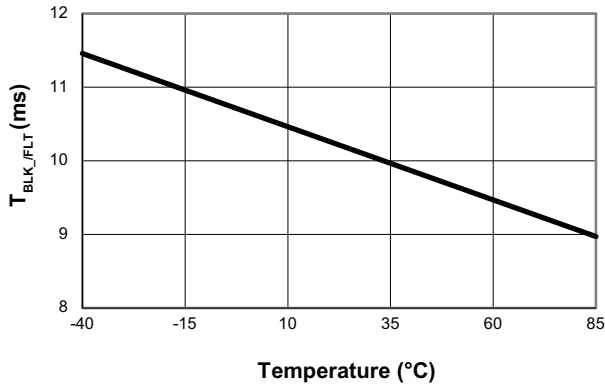
FLT Blanking Time ( $V_{IN} = 5.0V$ )



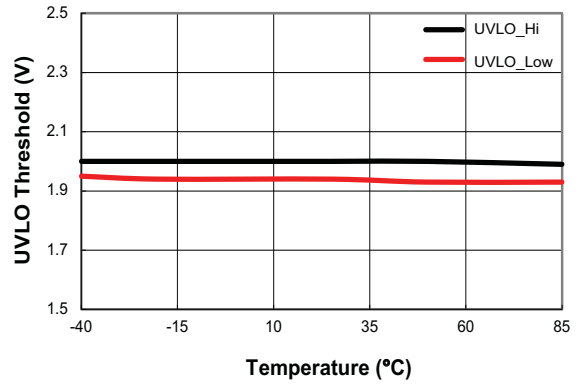
# AAT4687-I

## Over-Voltage Protection Switch

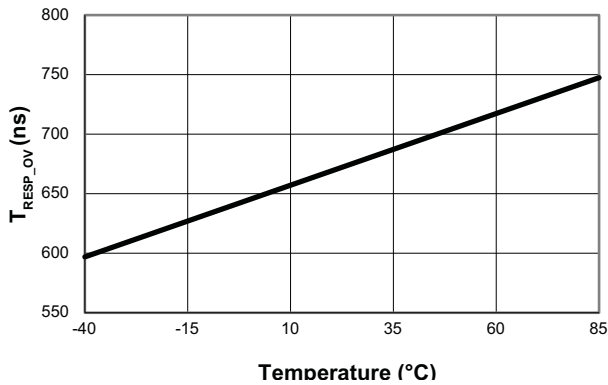
**FLT Blanking Time vs Temperature**



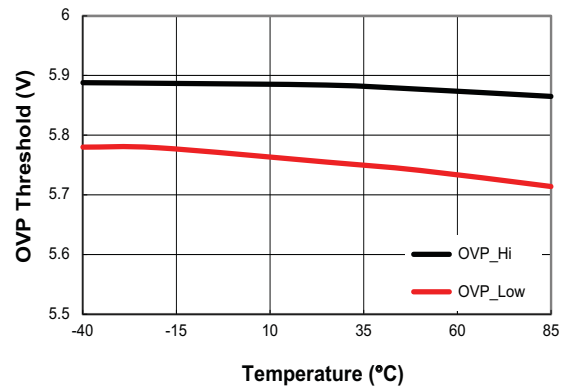
**Under-Voltage Lockout Thresholds vs Temperature**



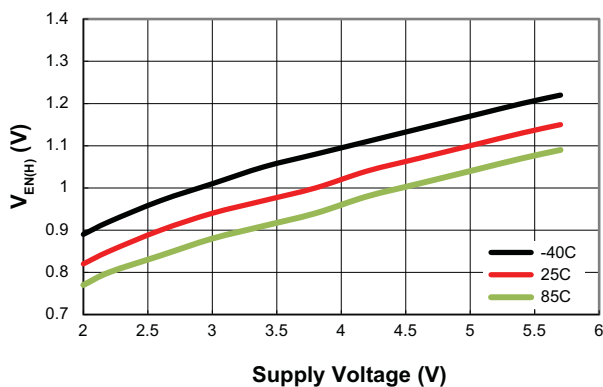
**Over Voltage Response Time vs Temperature**



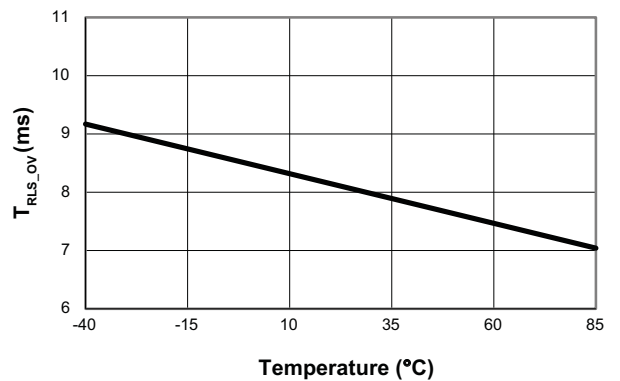
**Over-Voltage Lockout Thresholds vs Temperature**



**EN Input High Voltage vs Supply Voltage**



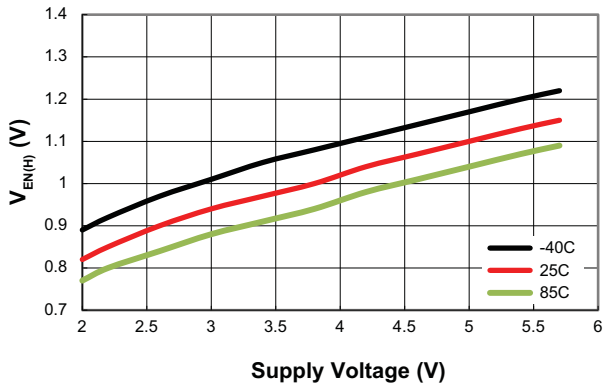
**Over Voltage Release Time vs Temperature**



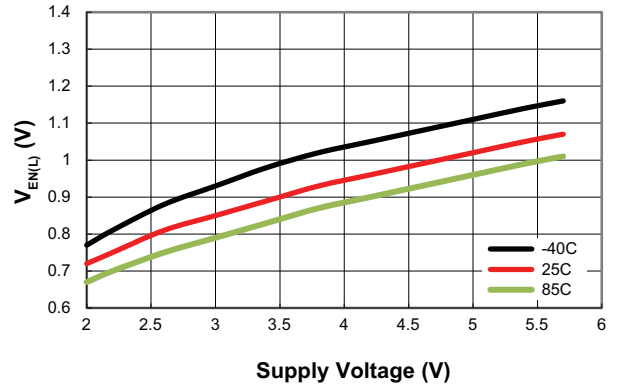
# AAT4687-I

## Over-Voltage Protection Switch

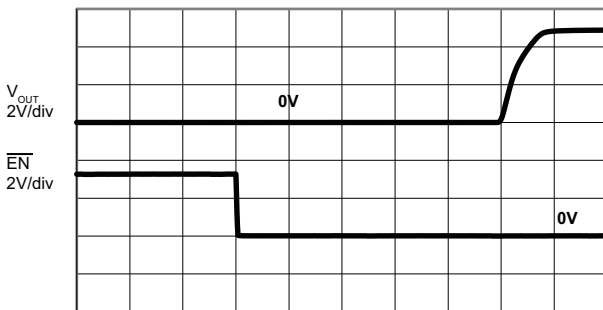
$\overline{EN}$  Input High Voltage vs Supply Voltage



$\overline{EN}$  Input Low Voltage vs Supply Voltage

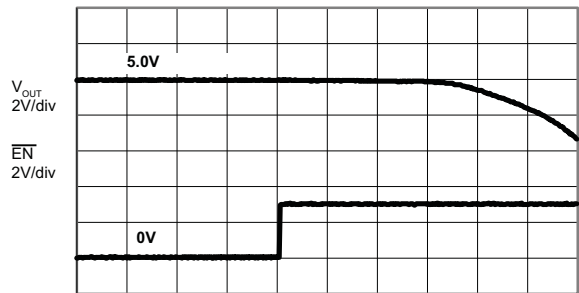


Turn On Delay Time ( $V_{IN} = 5.0V, R_O = 10\Omega$ )



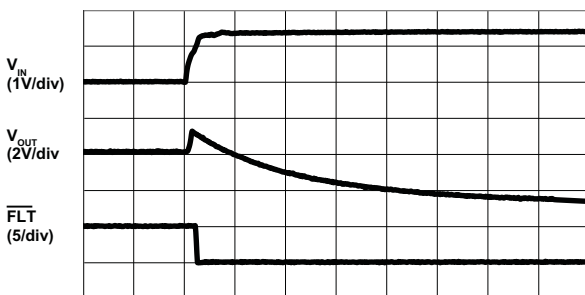
2ms/div

Turn Off Delay Time ( $V_{IN} = 5.0V, R_O = 10\Omega$ )



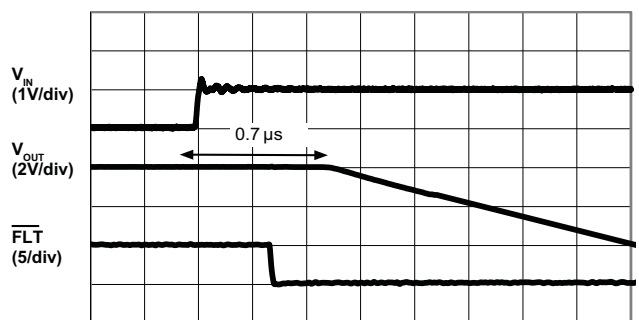
2ms/div

Over-Voltage Protection Response



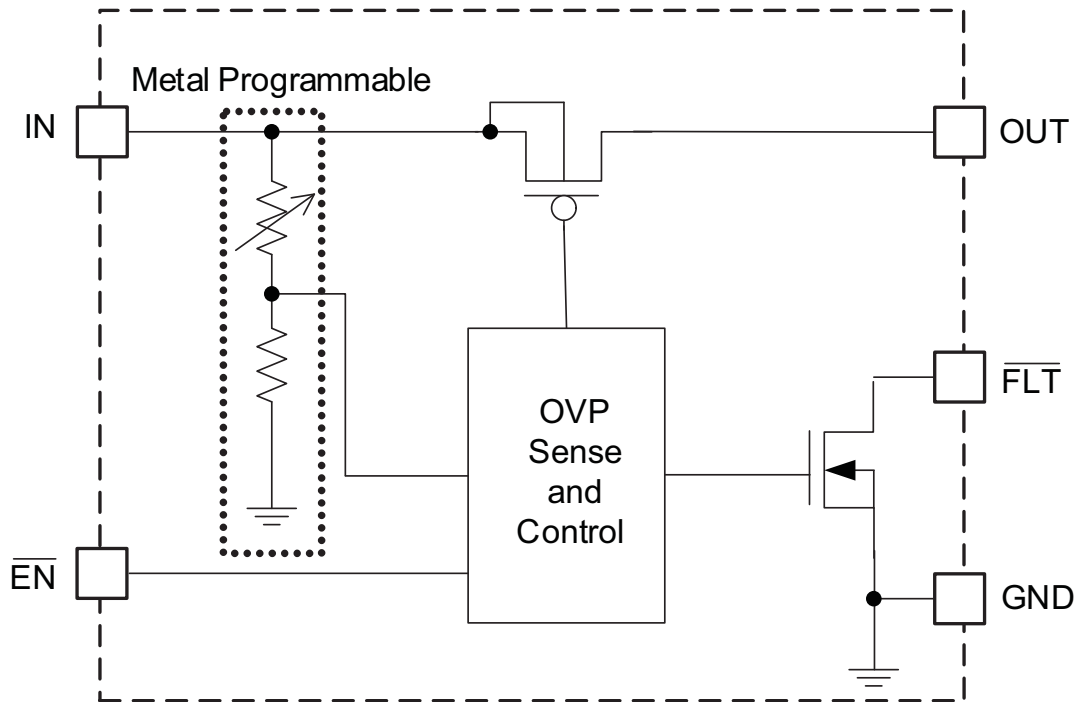
Time (5 $\mu$ s/div)

Over-Voltage Response Time



300ns/div



**Functional Block Diagram****Functional Description**

The AAT4687-1 provides up to 5.9V over-voltage protection when powering low-voltage systems such as cell phones, MP3, and PDAs or when charging Lithium-Ion batteries from a poorly regulated supply. The AAT4687-1 is inserted between the power supply or charger source and the load to be protected. The AAT4687-1 IC includes a low resistance P-channel MOSFET, under-voltage lockout protection, over-voltage monitor, fast shut-down circuitry, and a fault output flag.

In normal operation the P-channel MOSFET acts as a slew-rate controlled load switch, connecting and disconnecting the power supply from IN to OUT. A low resistance MOSFET is used to minimize the voltage drop between the voltage source and the load and to reduce power dissipation. When the voltage on the input

exceeds the over-voltage protection trip voltage, set internally, the device immediately turns off the internal P-channel FET, disconnecting the load from the input and preventing damage to downstream components. Simultaneously, the fault flag is raised, alerting the system to a problem.

If an over-voltage condition is applied at the time of the device enable, then the switch will remain OFF.

**Under-voltage Lockout (UVLO)**

The AAT4687-1 has a fixed 2.0V under-voltage lockout level (UVLO). When the input voltage is less than the UVLO level, the MOSFET is turned off. 100mV of hysteresis is included to ensure circuit stability.

# AAT4687-1

## Over-Voltage Protection Switch

### Over-voltage Protection (OVP)

The AAT4687-1 has a resistor divider which is internally integrated with the input voltage trip point at 5.9V. Once the over-voltage trip level is triggered, the PMOS switch controller will turn off the PMOS in less than 0.7 $\mu$ s.

### Over-temperature Protection (OTP)

If the ambient temperature of the device exceeds  $T_{SHDN}$ , the OVP switch is turned off, and the pin is driven low. The OVP switch will recover automatically when the junction temperature falls below  $T_{SHDN} - 20^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

### Fault Indicator ( $\overline{\text{FLT}}$ )

The output is an active-low open-drain fault reporting output. A pull-up resistor should be connected from  $\overline{\text{FLT}}$  to the logic I/O voltage of the host system.  $\overline{\text{FLT}}$  will be asserted immediately if an over-voltage or over-temperature fault occurs.

### Enable Control ( $\overline{\text{EN}}$ )

$\overline{\text{EN}}$  is an active-low enable input.  $\overline{\text{EN}}$  is driven low, connected to ground, or left floating for normal device operation. Taking the  $\overline{\text{EN}}$  high turns off the MOSFET. In case of an over-voltage or UVLO condition, toggling the  $\overline{\text{EN}}$  will not override the fault condition and the switch will remain off.

### Device Operation

On initial power-up, if  $V_{IN} < V_{UVLO}$  or if  $V_{IN} > V_{OVP\_TH}$  (5.9V), the PMOS is held off. If  $V_{UVLO} < V_{IN}$ ,  $V_{IN} < V_{OVP\_TH}$ , and  $\overline{\text{EN}}$  is low, the device enters startup after a 10ms internal delay.

### Application Information

#### Over-voltage Protection

The AAT4687-1 over-voltage protection circuit provides fast protection against transient voltage spikes and short duration spikes of high voltage from the power supply lines. The AAT4687-1 can quickly disconnect the input supply from the load and avoid damage to sensitive components.

In portable product applications, if the user removes the battery pack during charging, this action can create large transients and a high voltage spike can occur which can damage other electronic components in the product such as the battery charger. A "hot plug" of the AC/DC wall adapter into the AC outlet can create and release a voltage spike from the transformer. As a result, some sensitive components within the product can be damaged. With the AAT4687-1 placed between the power lines and the sensitive devices, they are insulated from the voltage spike and the input supply is disconnected in 0.7 $\mu$ s.

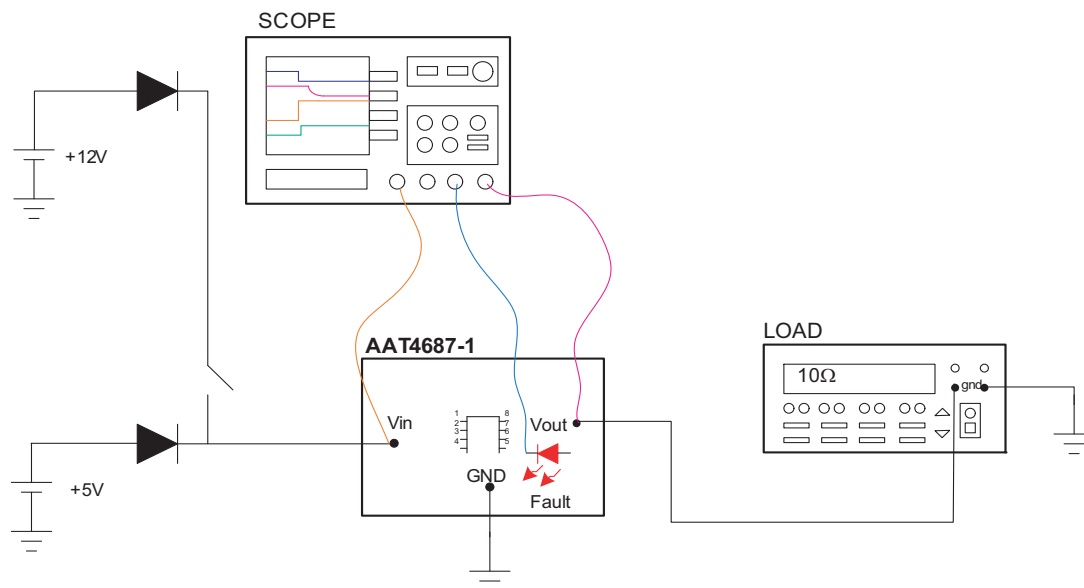


Figure 1: Over-Voltage Protection Response Time Test Circuit.

# AAT4687-1

## Over-Voltage Protection Switch

### Input Capacitor

A 1 $\mu$ F or larger capacitor is typically recommended for C<sub>IN</sub>. C<sub>IN</sub> should be located as close to the device VIN pin as practically possible. Ceramic, tantalum, or aluminum electrolytic capacitors may be selected for C<sub>IN</sub>. There is no specific capacitor equivalent series resistance (ESR) requirement for C<sub>IN</sub>. However, for higher current operation, ceramic capacitors are recommended for C<sub>IN</sub> due to their inherent capability over tantalum capacitors to withstand input current surges from low impedance sources such as batteries in portable devices.

Capacitors are typically manufactured in different voltage ratings. If the maximum possible surge voltage is known, select capacitors with a voltage rating at least 5V higher than the maximum possible surge voltage. Otherwise, 50V rated capacitors are generally good for most OVP applications to prevent any surge voltage.

### Output Capacitor

A 0.1 $\mu$ F~47 $\mu$ F output capacitor is required at the output. Likewise, with the output capacitor, there is no specific capacitor ESR requirement. C<sub>OUT</sub> may be increased to accommodate any load transient condition.

### Thermal Considerations and Maximum Output Current

The AAT4687-1 delivers a continuous output load current. The limiting characteristic for maximum safe operating output load current is package power dissipation. In order to obtain high operating currents, careful device layout and circuit operating conditions must be taken into account. The following discussions will assume the load switch is mounted on a printed circuit board utilizing the minimum recommended footprint as stated in the "Printed Circuit Board Layout Recommendations" section of this datasheet. At any given ambient temperature (T<sub>A</sub>), the maximum package power dissipation can be determined by the following equation:

$$P_{D(MAX)} = \frac{T_{J(MAX)} - T_A}{\theta_{JA}}$$

Constants for the AAT4687-1 are maximum junction temperature (T<sub>J(MAX)</sub> = 125°C) and package thermal resistance ( $\theta_{JA}$  = 160°C/W). Worst-case conditions are calculated at the maximum operating temperature, T<sub>A</sub> = 85°C. Typical conditions are calculated under normal

ambient conditions where T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C. At T<sub>A</sub> = 85°C, P<sub>D(MAX)</sub> = 250mW. At T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, P<sub>D(MAX)</sub> = 625mW.

The maximum continuous output current for the AAT4687-1 is a function of the package power dissipation and the R<sub>DS</sub> of the MOSFET at T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>. The maximum R<sub>DS</sub> of the MOSFET at T<sub>J(MAX)</sub> is calculated by increasing the maximum room temperature.

For maximum current, refer to the following equation:

$$I_{OUT(MAX)} = \sqrt{\frac{P_{D(MAX)}}{R_{DS}}}$$

The maximum allowable output current for the AAT4687-1 is 1.8A. If the output current exceeds 1.8A, the device will be damaged.

### Printed Circuit Board Layout Recommendations

For proper thermal management and to take advantage of the low R<sub>DS(ON)</sub> of the AAT4687-1, certain circuit board layout rules should be followed: V<sub>IN</sub> and V<sub>OUT</sub> should be routed using wider than normal traces, and GND should be connected to a ground plane. To maximize package thermal dissipation and power handling capacity of the AAT4687-1 SC70JW-10 package, the ground plane area connected to the ground pins should be as large as possible. For best performance, C<sub>IN</sub> and C<sub>OUT</sub> should be placed close to the package pins, as shown in Figures 5 and 6.

# AAT4687-I

## Over-Voltage Protection Switch

### Evaluation Board Schematic

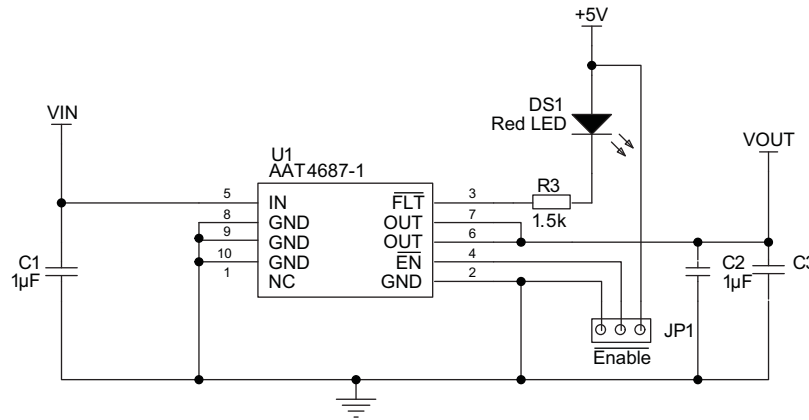


Figure 2: AAT4687-1 Evaluation Board Schematic.

Component	Part Number	Description	Manufacturer
U1	AAT4687-1	Over-voltage Protection Switch	Skyworks
R1		Not Populated	Yageo
R2		Not Populated	
R3	RC0603FR-071K5L	RES 1.5KΩ 1/10W 1% 0603 SMD	Murata
C1	GRM31MR71H105K	Cap Ceramic 1µF 1206 X7R 50V 10%	
C2	GRM21BR71C105K	Cap Ceramic 1µF 0805 X7R 16V 10%	HB
C3	Not populated		
D1	0805KRCT	Red LED 0805	

Table 2: AAT4687-1 Evaluation Board Bill of Materials.

### Evaluation Board Layout

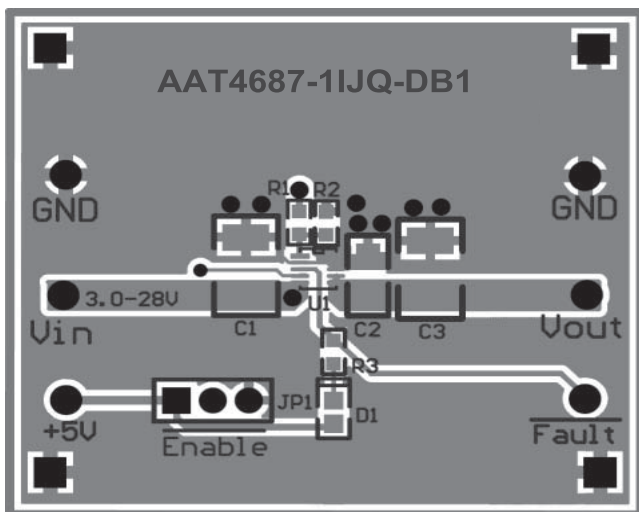


Figure 3: AAT4687-1 Evaluation Board Component Side Layout.

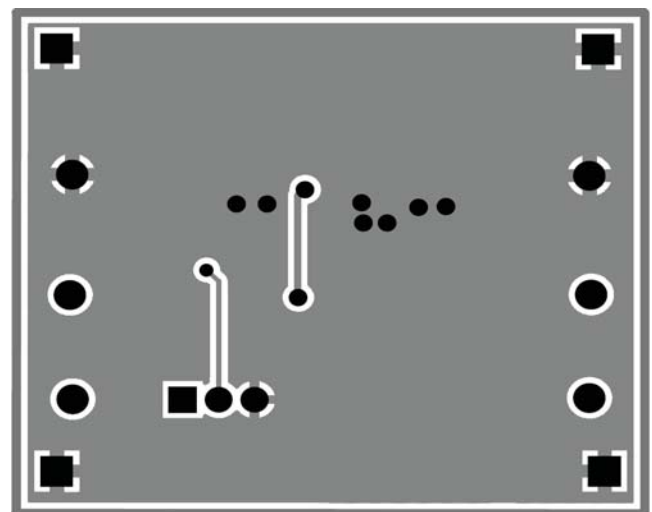


Figure 4: AAT4687-1 Evaluation Board Solder Side Layout.

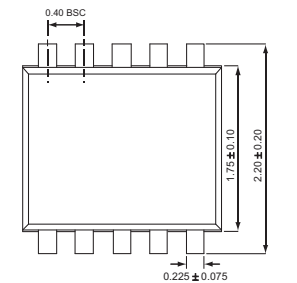
**Ordering Information**

Package	Marking <sup>1</sup>	Part Number (Tape and Reel) <sup>2</sup>
SC70JW-10	U2XYX	<b>AAT4687IJC-1-T1</b>

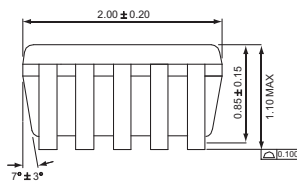


Skyworks Green™ products are compliant with all applicable legislation and are halogen-free.

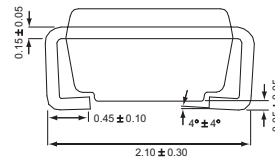
For additional information, refer to *Skyworks Definition of Green™*, document number SQ04-0074.

**Package Information****SC70JW-10**

Top View



Side View



End View

All dimensions in millimeters.

1. XYY = assembly and date code.
2. Sample stock is generally held on part numbers listed in **BOLD**.

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