SLUS384B - NOVEMBER 1999 - REVISED JUNE 2000

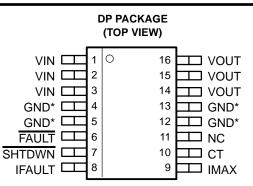
Integrated 0.075-Ω Power MOSFET

from Texas Instruments

Unitrode Products

- 3 V to 6 V Operation
- **External Analog Control of Fault Current** from 0 A to 4 A
- Independent Analog Control of Current Limit Up to 5 A
- **Fast Overload Protection** .
- **Unidirectional Switch**
- **Minimal External Components**
- 1-µA ICC When Disabled
- **Programmable On Time**
- Programmable Start Delay
- Fixed 3% Duty Cycle •





Pin 5 serves as the lowest impedance to the electrical ground. Pins 4, 12, and 13, serve as heat sink/ground. These pins should be connected to large etch PCB areas to help dissipate heat.

The UCC3918 low on-resistance hot swap power manager provides complete power management, hot swap capability, and circuit breaker functions. The only components needed to operate the device, other than supply bypassing, are a timing capacitor, and two programming resistors. All control and housekeeping functions are integrated, and externally programmable. These include the fault current level, maximum output sourcing current, maximum fault time, and startup delay. In the event of a constant fault, the internal fixed 3% duty cycle ratio limits the average output power. The IFAULT pin allows linear programming of the fault level current from 0 A to 4 A.

Fast overload protection is accomplished by an additional overload comparator. Its threshold is internally set above the maximum sourcing current limit setting. In the event of a short circuit or extreme current condition, this comparator is tripped, shutting down the output. This function is needed since the maximum sourcing current limit loop has a finite bandwidth.

When the output current is below the fault level, the output MOSFET is switched on with a nominal resistance of 0.075 Ω . When the output current exceeds the fault level or the maximum sourcing level, the output remains on, but the fault timer starts charging a capacitor connected to the CT pin (C_T). Once C_T charges to a preset threshold, the switch is turned off, and remains off for 30 times the programmed fault time. When the output current reaches the maximum sourcing level, the MOSFET transitions from a switch to a constant current source.

The UCC3918 is designed for unidirectional current flow, emulating an ideal diode in series with the power switch. This feature is particularly attractive in applications where many devices are powering a common bus, such as with SCSI termintation power (Termpwr). The UCC3918 can also be put into the sleep mode, drawing only 1 µA of supply current.

Other features include an open-drain fault output indicator, thermal shutdown, undervoltage lockout, 3 V to 6 V operation, and a low thermal resistance small-outline power package.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

IEXAS

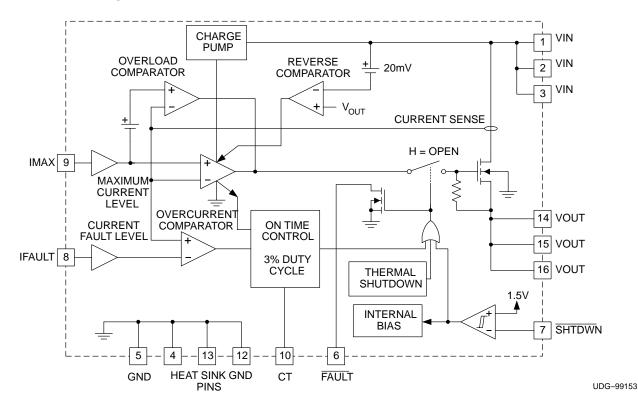
XAS DIVIENTS

PRODUCTION DATA information is current as of publication date. Products conform to specifications per the terms of Texas Instruments standard warranty. Production processing does not necessarily include testing of all parameters.

Copyright © 2000, Texas Instruments Incorporated

SLUS384B - NOVEMBER 1999 - REVISED JUNE 2000

functional block diagram



absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)^{†‡}

Input Voltage	8 V
SOIC Power dissipation	
Fault output sink current	50 mA
Fault output voltage	VIN
Output Current (dc)	Internally Limited
Input Voltage SHTDWN, IFAULT, IMAX	–0.3 V to VIN
Storage temperature range T _{stg}	–65°C to 150°C
Operating virtual junction temperature T _J	–55°C to 150°C
Lead temperature (soldering, 10 seconds)	300°C

[†] Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

[‡] Unless otherwise indicated, voltages are reference to ground and currents are positive into, negative out of the specified terminal. Pulsed is defined as a less than 10% duty cycle with a maximum duration of 500 μs. Consult *Packaging Section* of Databook for thermal limitations and considerations of package.

www.BDwwi.conC.com/TI

SLUS384B - NOVEMBER 1999 - REVISED JUNE 2000

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Supply Section					
Voltage input range, VIN		3	5	6	V
VDD supply current	No load		1	2	mA
Sleep mode current	SHTDWN = 0.2 V		0.5	5	μA
Output Section					
· ·	$I_{OUT} = 1 \text{ A to } 4 \text{ A}, \text{ VIN} = 5 \text{ V}, \text{ T}_{A} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		0.075	0.095	Ω
	$I_{OUT} = 1 \text{ A to } 4 \text{ A}, \text{ VIN} = 3 \text{ V}, \text{ T}_{A} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		0.09	0.116	Ω
RDS(on)	$I_{OUT} = 1 \text{ A to } 4 \text{ A}, \text{VIN} = 5 \text{ V}$		0.075	0.125	Ω
	$I_{OUT} = 1A \text{ to } 4A, VIN = 3 \text{ V}$		0.09	0.154	Ω
Reverse leakage current	SHTDWN = 0 V, VIN = 0 V V _{OUT} = 5 V			20	μA
Initial startup time	See Note 1		100		μs
Thermal shutdown	VIN = 5 V, See Note 1		170		°C
Thermal hysteresis	See Note 1		10		°C
Output leakage	SHTDWN = 0.2 V, V _{OUT} = 0 V			20	μA
	R _{IFAULT} = 105 kΩ	0.75	1	1.25	Α
	R _{IFAULT} = 52.3 kΩ	1.7	2	2.3	Α
Trip current	RIFAULT = 34.8 kΩ	2.5	3	3.5	Α
	$R_{IFAULT} = 25.5 \text{ k}\Omega$	3.3	4	4.7	Α
	R _{IMAX} = 118 kΩ	0.3	1	1.7	Α
	R _{IMAX} = 60.4 kΩ	1	2	3	Α
Maximum output current	R _{IMAX} = 42.2 kΩ	2	3	4	Α
	R _{IMAX} = 33.2 kΩ	2.5	3.8	5.1	Α
	R _{IMAX} = 27.4 kΩ	3.0	4.6	6.2	Α
Fault Section					
CT charge current	V _{CT} = 1 V	-50	-36	-22	μΑ
CT discharge current	V _{CT} = 1 V	0.5	1.2	2.0	μA
Output duty cycle	VOUT = 0 V	1.5	3	6	%
C _T fault threshold		0.8	1.3	1.8	V
CT reset threshold		0.25	0.5	0.75	V
Shutdown Section					
Shutdown threshold		1.1	1.5	2.0	V
Shutdown hysteresis			100		mV
Input low current	SHTDWN = 0V	-500	0	500	nA
Input high current	SHTDWN = 2V	-2	-1	-0.5	μΑ
Open Drain Fault Output Section					
High level output current				1	μΑ
Low level output voltage	I _{OUT} = 1mA		0.4	0.9	V

<u>electrical</u> characteristics at $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to 70°C, VIN = 5 V, $R_{IMAX} = 42.2 \text{ k}\Omega$, $R_{IFAULT} = 52.3 \text{ k}\Omega$, SHTDWN = 2.4 V, $T_A = T_J$ (unless otherwise noted)

NOTE 1: Ensured by design. Not production tested.



SLUS384B - NOVEMBER 1999 - REVISED JUNE 2000

pin descriptions

CT: A capacitor connected to this pin sets the maximum fault time. The maximum time must be greater than the time to charge external load capacitance. The nominal fault time is defined as:

$$T_{FAULT} = 22.2 \times 10^3 \times C_T$$
⁽¹⁾

Once the fault time is reached the output shuts down for a time given by:

$$T_{SD} = 0.667 \times 10^6 \times C_T$$
⁽²⁾

This equates to a 3% duty cycle. The recommended minimum value for the C_T capacitor is 0.1 μ F.

FAULT: Open-drain output, which pulls low on any condition that causes the output to open; Fault, Thermal Shutdown, Shutdown, and maximum sourcing current greater than the fault time.

GND: This is the most negative voltage in the circuit. All 4 ground pins should be used, and properly heat sunk on the PCB.

IFAULT: A resistor connected from this pin to ground sets the fault threshold. The resistor versus fault current is set by the formula

$$R_{\mathsf{FAULT}} = \frac{105 \text{ k}\Omega}{^{\mathsf{I}}\mathsf{TRIP}}$$
(3)

IMAX: A resistor connected from this pin to ground sets the maximum sourcing current. The resistor vs the output sourcing current is set by the formula:

$$R_{\text{IMAX}} = \frac{126 \text{ k}\Omega}{\text{Maximum Sourcing Current}}$$
(4)

SHTDWN: When this pin is brought low, the IC is put into sleep mode. The input threshold is hysteretic, allowing the user to program a startup delay with an external RC circuit.

VIN: This is the input voltage to the UCC3918. The recommended operating voltage range is 3V to 6V. All VIN pins should be connected together and to the power source.

(5)

VOUT: Output voltage for the circuit breaker. When switched the output voltage will be approximately:

 $V_{OUT} = V_{IN} - 0.075\Omega \times I_{OUT}$.

All VOUT pins should be connected together and to the load.



SLUS384B - NOVEMBER 1999 - REVISED JUNE 2000

APPLICATION INFORMATION

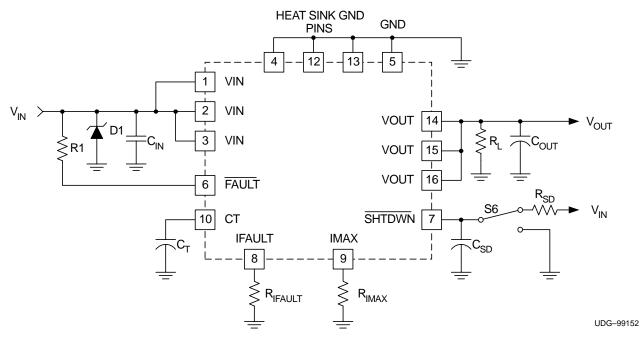


Figure 1. Typical Application

protecting the UCC3918 from voltage transients

The parasitic inductance associated with the power distribution can cause a voltage spike at V_{IN} if the load current is suddenly interrupted by the UCC3918. *It is important to limit the peak of this spike to less than 6 V to prevent damage to the UCC3918.* This voltage spike can be minimized by:

- Reducing the power distribution inductance (e.g., twist the positive "+" and negative "-" leads of the power supply feeding V_{IN}, locate the power supply close to the UCC3918 or use a PCB ground plane).
- Decoupling V_{IN} with a capacitor, C_{IN} (refer to Figure 1), located close to the VIN pin. This capacitor is typically less than 1 μF to limit the inrush current.
- Clamping the voltage at V_{IN} below 6 V with a Zener diode, D1 (refer to Figure 1), located close to the VIN pin.

estimating maximum load capacitance

For circuit breaker applications, the rate at which the total output capacitance can be charged depends on the maximum output current available and the nature of the load. For a constant-current current-limited circuit breaker, the output comes up if the load requires less than the maximum available short-circuit current.

To ensure recovery of a duty-cycle of the current-limited circuit breaker from a short-circuited load condition, there is a maximum total output capacitance that can be charged for a given unit ON time (fault time). The design value of ON or fault time can be adjusted by changing the timing capacitor C_T .

WWW.BD WENTS COM/TI

SLUS384B - NOVEMBER 1999 - REVISED JUNE 2000

APPLICATION INFORMATION

estimating maximum load capacitance

For worst-case constant-current load of value just less than the trip limit; C_{OUT(max)} can be estimated from:

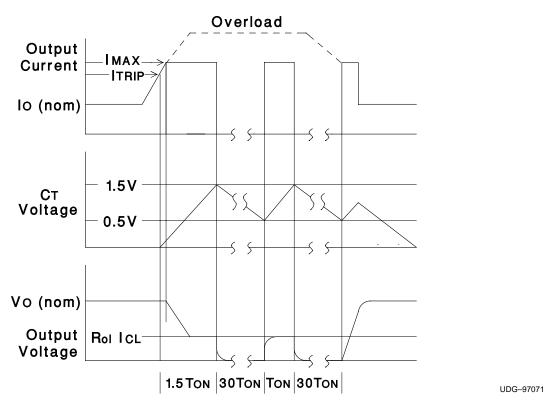
$$C_{OUT(max)} = \left(I_{MAX} - I_{LOAD}\right) \left(\frac{22 \times 10^3 \times C_T}{V_{OUT}}\right)$$
(6)

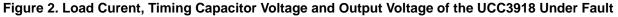
Where V_{OUT} is the output voltage and I_{MAX} is the maximum sourcing current.

For a resistive load of value R_{LOAD} , the value of $C_{OUT(max)}$ can be estimated from:

$$C_{OUT(max)} = \left(\frac{22 \times 10^{3} \times C_{T}}{R_{LOAD} \times \ell n \left(\frac{1}{1 - \frac{VOUT}{I_{MAX} \times R_{LOAD}}}\right)}\right)$$

(7)

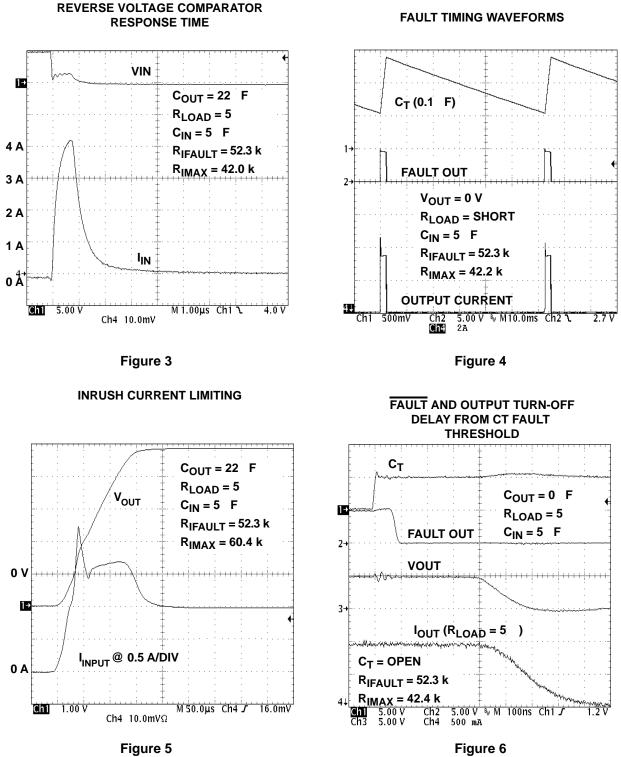






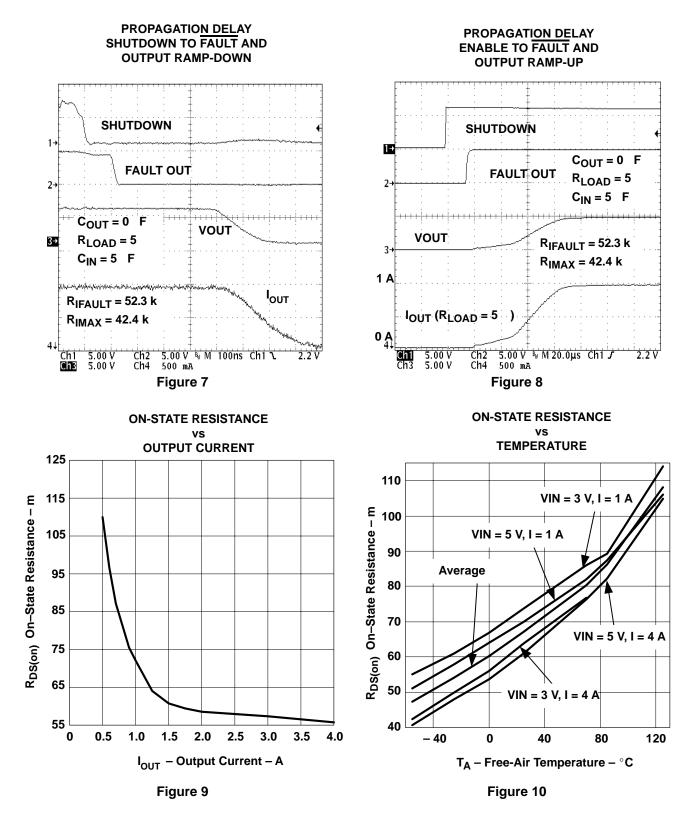
SLUS384B - NOVEMBER 1999 - REVISED JUNE 2000

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



SLUS384B - NOVEMBER 1999 - REVISED JUNE 2000

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



www.BDwwi.conC.com/TI

SLUS384B - NOVEMBER 1999 - REVISED JUNE 2000

APPLICATION INFORMATION

safety considerations

Although the UCC3918 is designed to provide system protection for all fault conditions, all integrated circuits can ultimately fail short. For this reason, if the UCC3918 is intended for use in safety critical applications where UL[©] or some other safety rating is required, a redundant safety device such as a fuse should be placed in series with the power device. The UCC3918 prevents the fuse from blowing for virtually all fault conditions, increasing system reliability and reducing maintenance cost, in addition to providing the hot swap benefits of the device.

WWW.Liter Com/TI

www.ti.com

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status ⁽¹⁾	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	e Eco Plan ⁽²⁾	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp ⁽³⁾
UCC3918DP	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	40	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
UCC3918DPG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	40	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAF
UCC3918DPTR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAF
UCC3918DPTRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAF

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

⁽²⁾ Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

Important Information and Disclaimer:The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

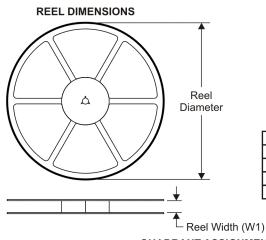
In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

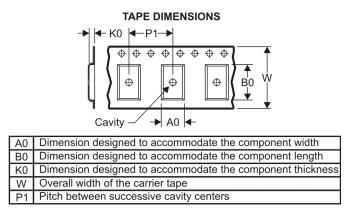
PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

www.ti.com

Texas Instruments

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



All dimensions are nominal												
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
UCC3918DPTR	SOIC	D	16	2500	330.0	16.4	6.5	10.3	2.1	8.0	16.0	Q1

www.BDTIC.com/TI

Texas Instruments

www.ti.com

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

14-Aug-2009



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
UCC3918DPTR	SOIC	D	16	2500	346.0	346.0	33.0

www.BDTIC.com/TI

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Texas Instruments Incorporated and its subsidiaries (TI) reserve the right to make corrections, modifications, enhancements, improvements, and other changes to its products and services at any time and to discontinue any product or service without notice. Customers should obtain the latest relevant information before placing orders and should verify that such information is current and complete. All products are sold subject to TI's terms and conditions of sale supplied at the time of order acknowledgment.

TI warrants performance of its hardware products to the specifications applicable at the time of sale in accordance with TI's standard warranty. Testing and other quality control techniques are used to the extent TI deems necessary to support this warranty. Except where mandated by government requirements, testing of all parameters of each product is not necessarily performed.

TI assumes no liability for applications assistance or customer product design. Customers are responsible for their products and applications using TI components. To minimize the risks associated with customer products and applications, customers should provide adequate design and operating safeguards.

TI does not warrant or represent that any license, either express or implied, is granted under any TI patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other TI intellectual property right relating to any combination, machine, or process in which TI products or services are used. Information published by TI regarding third-party products or services does not constitute a license from TI to use such products or services or a warranty or endorsement thereof. Use of such information may require a license from a third party under the patents or other intellectual property of the third party, or a license from TI under the patents or other intellectual property of TI.

Reproduction of TI information in TI data books or data sheets is permissible only if reproduction is without alteration and is accompanied by all associated warranties, conditions, limitations, and notices. Reproduction of this information with alteration is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for such altered documentation. Information of third parties may be subject to additional restrictions.

Resale of TI products or services with statements different from or beyond the parameters stated by TI for that product or service voids all express and any implied warranties for the associated TI product or service and is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for any such statements.

TI products are not authorized for use in safety-critical applications (such as life support) where a failure of the TI product would reasonably be expected to cause severe personal injury or death, unless officers of the parties have executed an agreement specifically governing such use. Buyers represent that they have all necessary expertise in the safety and regulatory ramifications of their applications, and acknowledge and agree that they are solely responsible for all legal, regulatory and safety-related requirements concerning their products and any use of TI products in such safety-critical applications, notwithstanding any applications-related information or support that may be provided by TI. Further, Buyers must fully indemnify TI and its representatives against any damages arising out of the use of TI products in such safety-critical applications.

TI products are neither designed nor intended for use in military/aerospace applications or environments unless the TI products are specifically designated by TI as military-grade or "enhanced plastic." Only products designated by TI as military-grade meet military specifications. Buyers acknowledge and agree that any such use of TI products which TI has not designated as military-grade is solely at the Buyer's risk, and that they are solely responsible for compliance with all legal and regulatory requirements in connection with such use.

TI products are neither designed nor intended for use in automotive applications or environments unless the specific TI products are designated by TI as compliant with ISO/TS 16949 requirements. Buyers acknowledge and agree that, if they use any non-designated products in automotive applications, TI will not be responsible for any failure to meet such requirements.

Following are URLs where you can obtain information on other Texas Instruments products and application solutions:

Products		Applications	
Amplifiers	amplifier.ti.com	Audio	www.ti.com/audio
Data Converters	dataconverter.ti.com	Automotive	www.ti.com/automotive
DLP® Products	www.dlp.com	Broadband	www.ti.com/broadband
DSP	dsp.ti.com	Digital Control	www.ti.com/digitalcontrol
Clocks and Timers	www.ti.com/clocks	Medical	www.ti.com/medical
Interface	interface.ti.com	Military	www.ti.com/military
Logic	logic.ti.com	Optical Networking	www.ti.com/opticalnetwork
Power Mgmt	power.ti.com	Security	www.ti.com/security
Microcontrollers	microcontroller.ti.com	Telephony	www.ti.com/telephony
RFID	www.ti-rfid.com	Video & Imaging	www.ti.com/video
RF/IF and ZigBee® Solutions	www.ti.com/lprf	Wireless	www.ti.com/wireless

Mailing Address: Texas Instruments, Post Office Box 655303, Dallas, Texas 75265 Copyright © 2009, Texas Instruments Incorporated

www.BDTIC.com/TI