

UM0774 User Manual

STM8L15LPBOARD low-power demonstration board

Introduction

The STM8L15LPBOARD low-power demonstration board demonstrates all the STM8L15x low-power modes, and permits the user to take consumption measurements in all modes.

Features

- SWIM debug support
- MCU consumption auto-measurement circuit
- Function and wakeup buttons
- 32.768 kHz quartz
- MCU pins connector

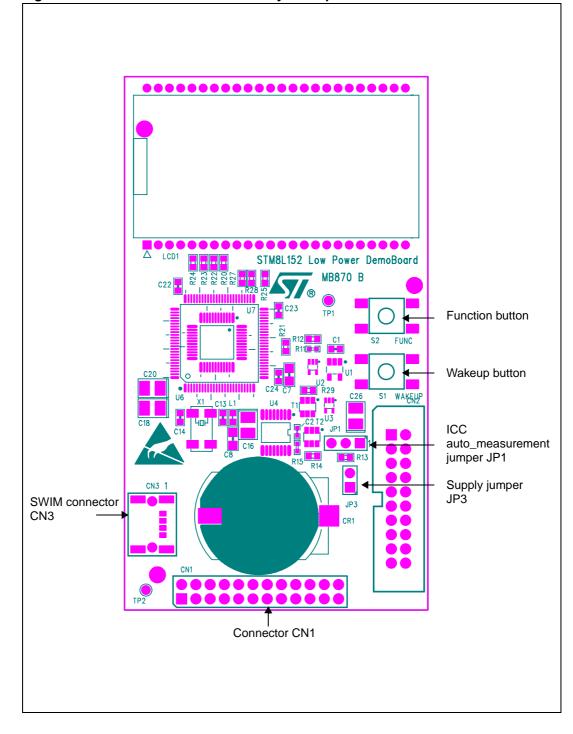
Figure 1. The STM8L15LPBOARD



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1 Hardware layout





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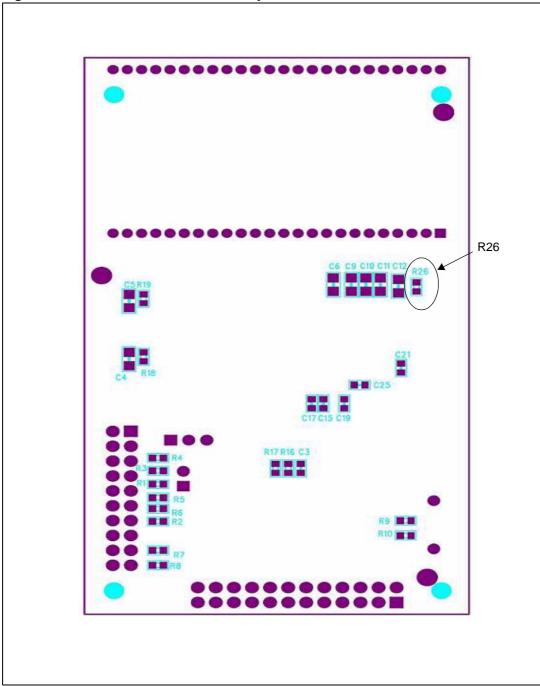


Figure 3. STM8L15LPBOARD board layout: bottom view



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2 Overview

2.1 Power supply (JP1, JP3)

The STM8L15LPBOARD is powered by a lithium battery CR2032 when jumper JP3 is closed.

Depending on the JP1 position, the MCU consumption auto-measurement circuit can be used.

Table 1.	JP1 setting
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JP1 position	Description	
	VDD power is directly connected to MCU VDD when JP1 is set as shown to the left (default setting). Note: For manual IDD measurement the JP1 jumper must be removed and replaced by an ammeter connected between pin 1 and 2 of JP1.	
	Connect VDD power to MCU with current-sampling resistor (2 ohm or 2 Kohm) in series for current measurement when JP1 is set as shown to the left.	

2.2 LCD glass (R26, C12)

The STM8L15LPBOARD drives a 4-mux LCD glass SBLCDA2. The LCD voltage reference VLCD is shorted to VDD with a 0 ohm resistor (R26).

The internal LCD voltage reference embedded in the STM8L15LPBOARD can be used when R26 is removed. R26 is located on the bottom side of the board.

A I μF capacitor C12 is connected to VLCD for internal booster usage.

2.3 SWIM connector (CN3)

A SWIM connector CN3 is available for programming and debugging.

2.4 Buttons (PC0, PC1)

Two buttons with wakeup interrupt capability are available. FUNCTION: PC0 WAKEUP: PC1

2.5 External quartz (PC5, PC6)

A 32.768 kHz quartz is connected to LSE pins PC5 and PC6. It can be used either as the RTC clock, or to run the CPU.

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2.6 I/O access connector (CN1)

The CN1 connector provides access to VDD, GND, RESET and 8 STM8L15LPBOARD I/Os. The table below gives the CN1 I/O pIn connections.

Pin	I/O
1	VDD
2	PA1-RESET
3	PD6
4	PD7
5	PC2
6	PC3
7	PC4
8	PC7
9	PE6
10	PE7
11-22	NC
23	GND
24	NC



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2.7 MCU consumption auto-measurement circuit (JP1)

For IDD measurement the circuit below is implemented on the STM8L15LPBOARD. This circuit requires jumper JP1 to be connected between pins 2 and 3.

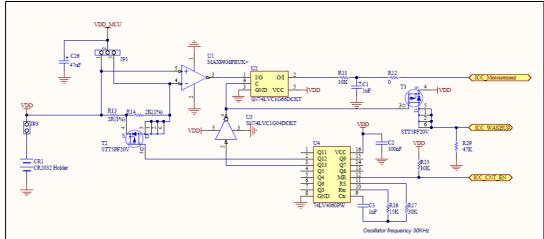


Figure 4. IDD measurement circuit

Table 3. IDD measurement circuit pinout

Signal	Pin
ICC_Measurement	PF0
ICC_WAKEUP (on rising edge)	PA3
ICC_CNT_EN (active low)	PA2

In Run mode, IDD current is measured by MAX9938FEUK+ (U1) connected to the 2 ohm shunt resistor. In this case ICC_CNT_EN remains high during measurement.

In Halt mode, the operational amplifier MAX9938FEUK+ (U1) is connected to the 2 Kohm shunt resistor. To measure a current corresponding to the Halt mode the procedure is:

- 1. Configure ADC to measure voltage on the ICC_measurement pin.
- 2. Configure ICC_WAKEUP as interrupt input on rising edge.
- 3. Enter in Halt or Active Halt mode with ICC_CNT_EN low.
- 4. ICC_WAKEUP rising edge wakeup the MCU after 300 ms.
- 5. start ADC conversion as soon as possible after wakeup in order to measure the voltage corresponding to Halt mode on 1 uF capacitor C1.
- 6. Reset the counter by programming ICC_CNT_EN High to avoid 2 Kohm to be connected later on VDD_MCU.

In Halt mode, the 2 K resistor is connected when T3 goes off after entering Halt mode. The Q12 counter output allows connection of the 2 K resistor when the current ICC becomes very low.

The Halt mode measurement procedure can be used in Low power modes if the IDD current does not exceed 12 uA; otherwise the Run measurement procedure must be used up to 12 mA.

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3 Demonstration

The jumper JP1 must be in the required position before launching the demo:

- if automatic consumption measurement is not used, JP1 must be between pins 1 and 2,
- if automatic consumption measurement is used, JP1 must be between pins 2 and 3.

The Wakeup button is used:

- to exit each mode and go to the next mode proposal,
- to answer "no" to a question, and so go on to the next one.

The Function button is used:

- for specific functions as described below,
- to answer "yes" to the questions and chose the modes.

3.1 Select power modes

After power-on, 2 main demonstration modes are proposed through the LCD screen.

- Demonstration mode with auto-measurement circuit (press Function to see the consumption measurement result in each mode).
- Demonstration mode with manual consumption measurement.
- 1. The first question on the LCD screen is: "AUTO" for auto-measurement circuit?
 - a) If Wakeup is pressed, the auto-measurement circuit is not used.
 - b) If Function is pressed, this mode is chosen. In AUTO IDD mode, the MCU consumption is displayed in each chosen mode.
- 2. The next question is: "RTC": do you want to initialize the Real Time Clock?
 - a) If Wakeup is pressed, RTC is not initialized.
 - b) If Function is pressed, the RTC initialization procedure will start. The RTC initialization procedure sets the time: Start with "SEC": press Function until you reach the good value for the seconds, then press Wakeup to go to next. Then do the same for "MIN" and "HOUR".
- 3. The next questions are for the power mode choice:
 - a) Press Function to enter the proposed mode.
 - b) Press Wakeup to go to the next mode proposal.

If the Wakeup button is pressed after a mode has been selected, the MCU is woken-up and the next power mode selection is proposed.

To go back to the first steps of the procedure, a power-on is necessary.



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3.2 Mode details

Table 4.	Modes
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Mode	Description	
Mode 1	Run mode at 16 MHz, execution from Flash, display battery voltage on LCD. Press Function button to toggle between battery voltage display and time display.	
Mode 2	2 Wait for Interrupt at 16 MHz, a message is displayed on the LCD.	
Mode 3	3 Low-power Run.	
Mode 4	4 Low-power Wait.	
Mode 5	e 5 Active-halt with LCD, a message is displayed on the LCD.	
Mode 6	6 Active-halt without LCD.	
Mode 7	Halt (no RTC nor LCD). Rev 2: in this mode the RTC is disabled. Power-on is necessary if you wish to initialize the RTC again.	

4 Revision history

Table 5.Document revision history

Date	Revision	Changes
04-Sep-2009	1	Initial release.
18-Sep-2009	2	Section 2.7 Q13 changed to Q12, 100 ms changed to 300 ms. Chapter 3: removed sentence "After 1 minute with no action, the STM8L15LPBOARD goes into Halt mode automatically". Section 3.2: mode 5 description modified.



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